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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/935,804	08/23/2001	Niels Christiansen	P/772-299	9590
24998	7590 04/28/2003			
	N SHAPIRO MORIN	EXAMINER		
2101 L STR WASHINGT	FON, DC 20037-1526	FORTUNA, ANA M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1723	
			DATE MAILED: 04/28/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/935,804 Applicant(s)

Ana Fortuna

Examiner

Art Unit

1723

Christiansen et al

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	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears o	n the cover sheet with the correspondence address		
Period f	for Reply	TO THE OUT OF MONTH WE TOOM		
A SH	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET	TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM		
THE N	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	o event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the		
mailing	date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the			
If NO r	period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply an	d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.		
· Any re	to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the	is communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any		
_	patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).			
Status 1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Aug 23, 20	001		
2a) 🗆	This action is FINAL . 2b) 💢 This action			
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance exclosed in accordance with the practice under Ex par	xcept for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is te Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposi	tion of Claims			
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u>	is/are pending in the application.		
2	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗆	Claim(s)	is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u>	is/are rejected.		
7) 🗆	Claim(s)	is/are objected to.		
8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Applica	ation Papers			
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the di	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t			
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	05.44.0.0 \$ 44.0(-) (-) (4)		
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	lority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(a) or (i).		
a) ()	ズ All b)□ Some* c)□ None of:			
	1. X Certified copies of the priority documents have			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents hav			
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Bures 	ocuments have been received in this National Stage au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
*5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	e certified copies not received.		
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).		
a)[\square The translation of the foreign language provisiona			
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachn		U To Ata Provide		
, ,	lotice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) V Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).				
31 (V) [6	ntormation Disclosura Statementisi (P10-1449) Paper NO(S).	or [1] onto:		

Application/Control Number: 09/935,804

Art Unit: 1723

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

1. Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for

failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

the invention. Claim 2 is unclear as to what is intended. Claim 2 should refer to the list of metal

oxides as alternative or as selected from a Markush group, and not in a table form, e.g. TiO2, Zr2

or WO3; or e.g. selected form the group consisting of TiO2, ZrO2, and WO3. Claim 6 is unclear

as to the Zeta potential of the membrane, as a property of the membrane. Defining the membrane

property as depending on an intended use of the membrane in the system is confusing, since the

allowability of the system is determined based on the system structure, therefore, for examination

purpose the system is considered as consisting at least one porous ceramic metal oxide membrane,

a pump, and the membrane having a Zeta potential, e.g. charged membrane.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use

or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 09/935,804 Page 3

Art Unit: 1723

3. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gan et al.(Beer Clarification by Cross-flow Microfiltration). Gan et al discloses the system including a pump and a ceramic membrane, or aluminum oxide membrane (alumina) (Fig. A, page 4, column 1, or entire article). The charge of Zeta potential in alumina (aluminum oxide) seems to be inherent of the membrane material.

4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by GB 2176715A(hereinafter '715). The apparatus or system as claimed is disclosed in '715 (Fig. 1). The membrane is disclosed as a ceramic membrane, e.g. aluminum oxide (sintered alumina) is also disclosed in the reference. The Zeta potential is not discussed in the reference, however, seem to be inherent of the membrane material.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burrel et al (Crossflow Microfiltration of Beer; Laboratory-Scale Studies on the Effect of Pore Size), or Burrel et al in view of Goldsmith et al (5,114,581). Burrel et al discloses the process of filtering beer with Ceramem Ceramic membranes, the membrane consists of a thin ceramic layer on an

Art Unit: 1723

extruded support (abstract, columns 1-2, page 399). As to claims 3-4, the process is a Crossflow filtration process, and removal of yeast and haze forming colloids is also disclosed (page 399, column 1, paragraphs 1-4). As to claim 2, Burrel et al fails to disclose in detail the ceramic composition or the membranes made of titanium oxide, zirconium oxide, etc., Burrel et al teaches the membrane as "Ceramic" and further a composite, having support and layer of ceramic material and made by Ceramem Corporation, and illustration of the membrane having channels and monolithic structure is also disclosed(Fig.1). The membranes as disclosed by Burrel et are known in the art as made from ceramic materials including zirconia, titania, alumina (oxides), etc. n both the support and the membrane layer. It would have been obvious to ne skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to use a membrane of zirconia, titania, or alumina in the process of the present invention as the Ceramem Membrane for the beer filtration or yeast removal form the suspension. The pH and Zeta potential factors are not disclosed by Burrel et al, however, this property seems to be inherent of the particular ceramic materials claimed, which are not detailed By Burrel et al, bu t incorporated by reference by referring to Ceramen membranes having the composite ceramic and monolithic structure disclosed (column 1, last paragraph and column 2, page 399). Regarding claim 6, the apparatus structure including the membrane for Crossflow operation is also disclosed (Fig. 2).

Goldsmith et al. ('581) discloses the membrane module made of ceramic support and ceramic layer (Ceramem Corporation membrane) which inherently possesses the Z potential and properties claimed, the membrane and support are made from zirconia, titania, alumina, etc. (Abstract,

Art Unit: 1723

Figures, column 2, lines 37, and 48-58, column 4, last paragraph, though column 5, lines 1-23); the use of the membrane for liquid filtration and removal of particulate matter of a few particle size from a few micron down to submicron size (column 2, lines 19-22). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to use the Ceramem membrane disclosed by Goldsmith et al in a process of filtering beer or wine or fermented beverage, as disclosed in Burrel et al., since the membrane possesses the properties required in the process of Burrel, discloses the ceramic materials which inherently possesses the Zeta potential and polarities a at given pH as required in the present invention. As to claim 1, the pH value of fermented beer is known to be about 7. Filtering beer from a fermentation process and the fermentation pH, to remove yeast and colloids it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made, based on Burrel et al teaching

7. Claims 1, 2, 3, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Galaj et al 94,946,592)(hereinafter '591). Reference '591 discloses a membrane composite made of ceramic or metal oxides, including the oxides claimed in claim 2, the membrane is a microfiltration membrane and is suggested for the separation or clarification of suspensions, e.g. wine, beer, cider, and alcoholic fermentation liquors (column 1, lines 32-52, column 2, lines 45-68). The membrane can be shaped in tubular form, in which a Crossflow filtration can be performed (column 8, lines 22-28). The pH, and the membrane potential are not disclosed in reference '592. Since the membrane is made from the same materials as the current membrane, and suggested for the same use, e.g. wine, beer, and alcoholic fermentation broth, one skilled in the art at the time

Art Unit: 1723

the invention was made would have expected the same membrane performance e.g. Zeta potential and pH adjustment for the membrane at a particular pH conditions of the suspension, based on the membrane materials, e.g. for both membranes made of the same composition and pore size, and subjected to the same filtration process, e.g. wine filtration at a given pH, the membrane is expected to show the same performance.

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Reference 0645174A1 teaches removing components causing turbidity, from beer, wine, juice, etc. by microfiltration. References 4,781,831, 6,126,833, 5,009.781, and 5,108,601 are cited as membranes made on ceramic support an made by Ceramen Corporation. Reference 5,221,479 teaches filtering suspensions having yeast, and beer filtration through a microfilter membrane (column 8, lines 28-46), the pH of the medium and beer filtration is disclosed in column 11-12, examples 1 and 2).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ana Fortuna whose telephone number is (703) 308-3857. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda Walker, can be reached on (703) 308-0457. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310 for regular responses, and (703)872-9311 for after finals.

Application/Control Number: 09/935,804

Art Unit: 1723

Ana Fortuna

April 21, 2003

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ANA FORTUNA PRIMARY EXAMINER